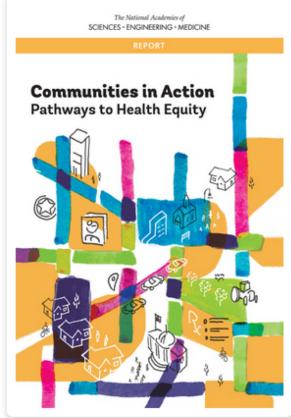
STRUCTURAL RACISM AND COVID-19

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Racism: Science & Tools for the Public Health Professional

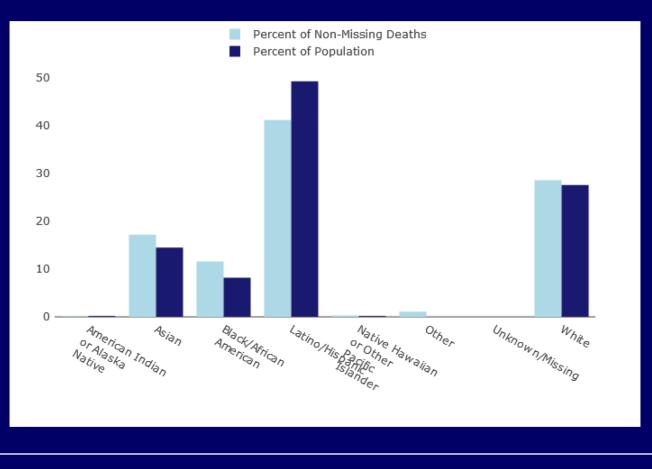
Multilevel Ra and Native Americ	Edited by Chandra L. Ford, PhD Derek M. Griffith, PhD Marino A. Bruce, PhD Keon L. Gilbert, DrPH
American Hee N. Kau'i Baumhofer, Sco. MpH, MA	Black-White Health Inequalities by Intentional Design: The Lasting Health Impact of Racial Residential Segregoria Margaret T. Hicken, Lin Demonstruct I. Edwards Resisting and the Health of Linguistics
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DEATHS (LA County) by Race/Ethnicity and Population Size

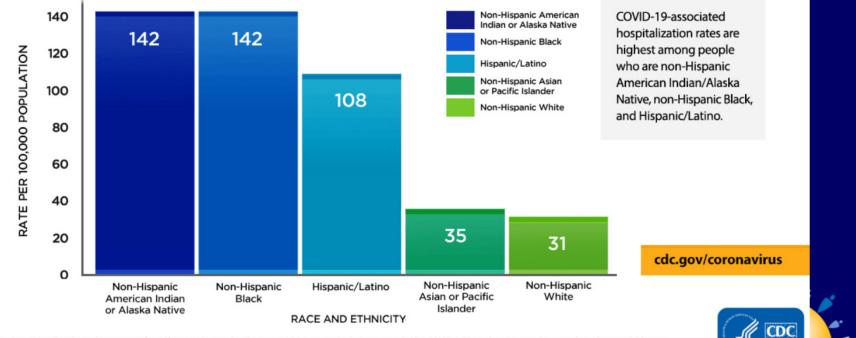


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Source: http://dashboard.publichealth.lacounty.gov/covid19_surveillance_dashboard/

Age-adjusted COVID-19-associated hospitalization rates by race and ethnicity

COVID-NET, MARCH 1 - MAY 23, 2020

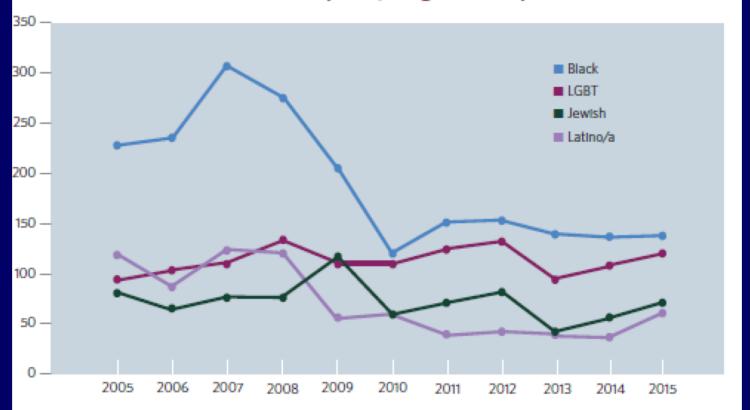


Public Health

Rates are statistically adjusted to account for differences in age distributions within race and ethnicity strata in the COVID-NET catchment area. Rates are based on available race and ethnicity data which is now complete in 83% of cases from COVID-NET sites. COVID-19-associated hospitalization rates for American Indian and Alaska Natives (AI/AN) may be impacted by recent outbreaks among specific communities within this population and the small numbers of Al/AN cases included in COVID-NET.

RACISM IN THE "POST-RACIAL" PERIOD, LOS ANGELES

2005–2015 Hate Crimes: Most Frequently Targeted Groups



Source: LA County Commission on Human Relations, 2015



RACISM is a system of structuring opportunity and assigning value based on the social interpretation of how one looks (which is what [people] call "race"), that

- unfairly disadvantages some individuals and communities,
- unfairly advantages other individuals and communities, and
- saps the strength of the whole society through the waste of human resources."



Jones CP. Levels of racism: Am J Public Health. 2000

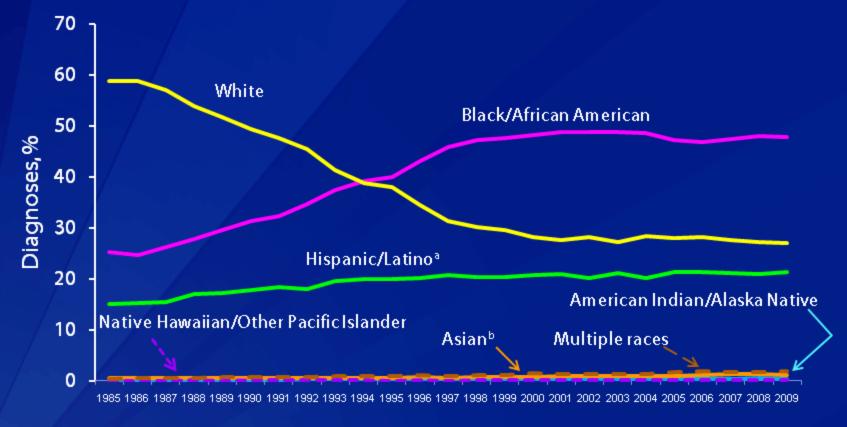
STRUCTURAL RACISM

The totality of ways that systems in society (e.g., housing, healthcare) differentially treat groups based on race/ethnicity

The results [of that treatment] may be used to justify continued discriminatory treatment



AIDS Diagnoses among Adults and Adolescents, by Race/Ethnicity and Year of Diagnosis, 1985-2009— United States and Dependent Areas



Year of diagnosis

Note. All displayed data have been statistically adjusted to account for reporting delays, but not for incomplete reporting. *Hispanics/Latinos can be of any race. •Includes Asian/Pacific Islander legacy cases.



SELECTED RECOMMENDATIONS

Monitor institutional racism
Document exposures in communities
To shift toward capturing social constructedness and inequities





Thank You.

